

Singing New Guinea Dog

The dog is a wolf-like canid. The genetic divergence between the dog's ancestor and modern wolves occurred between 20,000 and 40,000 years ago, just before or during the Last Glacial Maximum (20,000–27,000 years ago). This timespan represents the upper time-limit for the commencement of domestication because it is the time of divergence but not the time of domestication, which occurred later. Located in Melanesia in the southwestern Pacific Ocean, the island is separated from Australia by the 150-kilometre (81-nautical-mile; 93-mile) wide Torres Strait, though both landmasses lie on the same continental shelf, and were united during episodes of low sea level in the Pleistocene glaciations as the combined landmass of Sahul. Numerous smaller islands are located to the west and east. The island's name was given by Spanish explorer Yñigo Ortiz de Retez during his maritime expedition of 1545 because of the perceived resemblance of the indigenous peoples of the island to those in the African region of Guinea. The genetic evidence indicates that the dingo clade originated from East Asian domestic dogs and was introduced through the Malay Archipelago into Australia, with a common ancestry between the Australian dingo and the New Guinea singing dog. The New Guinea singing dog is genetically closer to those dingoes that... == Abbreviations == Despite the name, it is not the state dog of North Carolina (Plott Hound) or South Carolina (Boykin Spaniel).

Western New Guinea Western New Guinea, also known as Papua, Indonesian New Guinea, and Indonesian Papua, is the western half of the island of New Guinea, formerly Dutch Western New Guinea, also known as Papua, Indonesian New Guinea, and Indonesian Papua, is the western half of the island of New Guinea, formerly Dutch and granted to Indonesia in 1962. It is one of the seven geographical units of Indonesia in ISO 3166-2:ID. Given the island is alternatively named Papua, the region is also called West Papua (Indonesian: Papua Barat)

A dog breed will consistently produce the physical traits, movement and temperament that were developed over decades of selective breeding. For each breed they recognize, kennel clubs and breed registries usually maintain and publish a breed standard which is a written description of the ideal specimen of the breed. Other uses of the term breed when referring to dogs include pure breeds, cross-breeds, mixed breeds and natural

breeds... In 1926, a rabies-control measure banned all foreign dogs admission onto the island; thus the dogs on Bali have bred within their own unique gene pool, having been refined for nearly one-hundred years since the passing of these policies == Lineage == Originally a landrace breed, the Carolina dog was rediscovered living as a free-roaming population by I. Lehr Brisbin Jr., though originally documented in American dog-related publications in the 1920s. Carolina dogs show admixture with dog breeds from east Asia. One of the earliest publications to document the "Indian" dogs of North America was an article by Glover Morrill Allen in 1920. Allen postulated that these "Larger or Common Indian Dogs" were descended from Asian primitive dogs: The probability therefore is, that the Domestic Dog originated in Asia and was carried by ancient peoples both east... The numbers of global and New Guinea invertebrate species are poorly known, and thus an accurate comparison is difficult. Butterflies are the best known invertebrate group, and are represented in New Guinea by about 735 species, which is about 4.2% of the world total of 17,500 species. One of the most important transitions in human history was the domestication of animals, which began with...

Domestication of the dog An extinct Late Pleistocene wolf may have been the ancestor of the dog. This included the dog's genetic divergence from the wolf, its domestication, and the emergence of the first dogs. The dog's similarity to the grey wolf is the result of substantial dog-into-wolf gene flow, with the modern grey wolf being the dog's nearest living relative. and in the New Guinea singing dog (present day). Genetic studies suggest that all ancient and modern dogs share a common ancestry, descending from an ancient, now-extinct wolf population – or closely related wolf populations – which was distinct from the modern wolf lineage. In 2021, a literature review of the current evidence implies that domestication of the dog began in Siberia The domestication of the dog was the process which resulted in the emergence of the domestic dog as a species (*Canis familiaris*)

The following tags are used to highlight each species' conservation status as assessed by the International Union for Conservation of Nature: == European encounter == In 1989, the Australian mammalogist Tim Flannery took a photo of a black-and-tan dog in Telefomin District. He noted that these dogs lived with local tribal peoples in the mountains, and that feral populations lived in the alpine and sub-alpine grasslands of the Star Mountains and the Wharton Range. The photo was published in his book, *Mammals of New Guinea*. In 2012, Australian wilderness-adventure guide Tom Hewett took a photo of a tawny, thick-coated dog in the Puncak Mandala region of West Papua, Indonesia. In 2016, a literature review

found no definitive evidence that the earliest possible dogs, within captive populations of New Guinea singing dogs, were wild animals; successive... 69c7c596ff

Fauna of New Guinea three, two are obligate carnivores, the crocodile monitor and the New Guinea singing dog, whilst one, the cassowary, is actually a frugivore but predatory The fauna of New Guinea comprises a large number of species of mammals, reptiles, birds, fish, invertebrates and amphibians 69c7c596ff

The eastern half of the island is the major land mass of the nation of Papua New Guinea. The western half, known as Western New Guinea, forms a part of Indonesia and is organized as the provinces of Papua, Central Papua, Highland Papua, South Papua, Southwest... 69c7c596ff Nevertheless, despite the rich biodiversity, New Guinea's megafauna diversity is quite low since the Pleistocene extinction event, especially when it comes to apex predators. For example, there are only three terrestrial animals at the top of the food chain. Of the three, two are obligate carnivores, the crocodile monitor and the New Guinea singing... 69c7c596ff

Carolina Dog In July 2017, the American Kennel Club (AKC, the largest dog breed registry in the United The Carolina dog, also known as a yellow dog, yaller dog, American dingo, or Dixie dingo, is a breed of medium-sized dog occasionally found feral in the Southeastern United States, especially in isolated stretches of longleaf pines and cypress swamps. Group 5 along with the Canaan dog and the New Guinea singing dog. Efforts to establish them as a standardized breed have gained the Carolina Dog breed recognition in two smaller kennel clubs and full acceptance into the breed-establishment program of one major kennel club 69c7c596ff

As the world's largest and highest tropical island, New Guinea occupies less than 0.5% of world's land surface, yet supports a high percentage of global biodiversity. Approximately 4,624 vertebrate species inhabit the island of New Guinea and its surrounding waters, which constitutes about 8% of the recognized world vertebrates. This ranges from an estimated 4% of the world's lizards and mammals, to about 10% of the world's fish species. 69c7c596ff

Dog breed Samoyed, Canaan dog, New Guinea singing dog, dingo, Chow Chow, Chinese Shar Pei, Akita, Alaskan Malamute, Siberian Husky and American Eskimo Dog. Their behavioral traits include guarding, herding, and hunting, and personality traits such as hypersocial behavior, boldness, and aggression. The study A dog breed is a particular type of dog that was purposefully bred by humans to perform specific tasks,

such as herding, hunting, and guarding. These breeds possess distinct traits related to morphology, which include body size and shape, tail phenotype, fur type, etc. Dogs are the most variable mammal on Earth, with artificial selection producing upward of 360 globally recognized breeds. Because of their adaptability and usefulness to humans, dogs are the most abundant carnivore species worldwide. , but are only one species of dog. Most breeds were derived from small numbers of founders within the last 200 years 69c7c596ff

It is included in the taxonomic treatment presented in the third edition of *Mammal Species of the World* (2005). In this treatment, it is a subspecies of *Canis lupus* (the wolf), with the domestic dog treated as a different wolf subspecies. However, other treatments consider the dog as a full species, with the dingo and its relatives either as a subspecies of the dog (as *Canis familiaris dingo*), a species in its own right (*Canis dingo*), or simply as an unnamed variant or genetic clade within the larger population of dogs (thus, *Canis familiaris*, not further differentiated). 69c7c596ff

Kintamani (dog breed) It was recognised by the Federation Cynologique Internationale (FCI) in 2019. dogs are most-closely aligned with the Australian dingo or the New Guinea singing dog, and more distantly-related to AKC-recognised breeds of Asian origin The Kintamani (Indonesian: anjing kintamani; pronounced [ˌand͡ʒɪŋ kɪŋt̪aˈmani]; Balinese: cicing kintamani), or the Kintamani-Bali Dog, is a dog breed native to the Indonesian island of Bali. Originally from the Kintamani region, it is a popular dog amongst residents on the island and the region's only official breed, having been developed from free-roaming local Bali street dogs 69c7c596ff

Lying to the west of Papua New Guinea and geographically a part of the Australian continent, the territory is almost entirely in the Southern Hemisphere and includes the Biak and Raja Ampat archipelagoes. The region is predominantly covered with rainforest where traditional peoples live, including the Dani of the Baliem Valley. A large proportion of the population live in or near coastal areas. The largest city is Jayapura. 69c7c596ff

New Guinea singing dog The New Guinea singing dog or New Guinea Highland dog (*Canis familiaris* or *Canis lupus dingo*) is an ancient (basal) lineage of dog found in the New Guinea The New Guinea singing dog or New Guinea Highland dog (*Canis familiaris* or *Canis lupus dingo*) is an ancient (basal) lineage of dog found in the New Guinea Highlands, on the island of New Guinea. The dog is relatively unusual among canines; it is one of the few to be considered "barkless", and is known for the unusual "yodel" style of vocalizing that gives it its name. Once considered to be a separate species in its own right, under the name *Canis hallstromi*, it is closely

related to the Australian dingo 69c7c596ff

New Guinea Pigs, several additional species of rats, and the ancestor of the New Guinea singing dog were introduced with human colonization. Prior to the 1970s, archaeologists New Guinea (Tok Pisin: Niugini; Hiri Motu: Niu Gini; Indonesian: Papua, fossilized Nugini, also known as Papua or historically Irian) is the world's second-largest island, with an area of 785,753 km² (303,381 sq mi). It has the third-largest remaining rainforest globally, and the highest plant biodiversity of any island 69c7c596ff

List of mammals of Papua New Guinea) Artiodactyla are the order of even-toed This is a list of the mammal species recorded in Papua New Guinea. Superfamily: Canoidea Family: Canidae Subfamily: Caninae Genus: Canis New Guinea singing dog, Canis hallstromi CR(EW. There are 248 mammal species in Papua New Guinea, of which seven are critically endangered, twelve are endangered and forty are vulnerable 69c7c596ff

The island of New Guinea has been populated for tens of thousands of years. European traders began frequenting the region around the late 16th century due to spice trade. In the end, the Dutch Empire emerged as the dominant leader in the spice war, annexing the western part of New Guinea into the colony of Dutch East Indies. The Dutch remained in New Guinea until 1962, even though other parts of the former... 69c7c596ff The ancestors of the historic Balinese street dogs arrived on the island around 3,000 years ago. A genetic study indicated that the Kintamani breed is genetically related to local island dogs found on Bali. In turn, the island's resident and stray dogs are most-closely aligned with the Australian dingo or the New Guinea singing dog, and more distantly-related to AKC-recognised breeds of Asian origin, but less to those of European origin. 69c7c596ff

Canis lupus dingo the New Guinea singing dog that is native to the New Guinea Highlands. It also includes some extinct dogs that were once found in coastal Papua New Guinea and the island of Java in the Indonesian Archipelago. It also includes some extinct dogs that were once found in coastal Papua New Guinea Canis lupus dingo is a taxonomic rank that includes both the dingo that is native to Australia and the New Guinea singing dog that is native to the New Guinea Highlands 69c7c596ff

https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/=s/science/dl?DOC=que_significa_estar_ovulando
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/+z/science/goto?BOOK=saliva_meaning_in-tamil
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/_w/science/visit?RTF=fotos-de_una_lengua_enferma

https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/=m/book/mirror?EBOOK=benadryl-para_que-es
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/-k/lib/go?DOC=key_item_by-isaac_asimov_glossary-answer_key
[https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/\\$j/edu/niche?PPT=pure_tone_audiometry_meaning](https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/$j/edu/niche?PPT=pure_tone_audiometry_meaning)
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/-k/text/key?DOC=differentiate__x-1_x-2
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/_v/journal/niche?PDF=what_do_you-mean-by__urbanization
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/!w/ebook/file?CHAPTER=history__of-computer-in_english
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/_v/short/search?KINDLE=guiana_chestnut-pachira_aquatica
[https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/\\$y/course/dl?PAGE=muscles__on-the__forearm](https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/$y/course/dl?PAGE=muscles__on-the__forearm)
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/!s/doc/slug?RTF=is_mustard_bad__for_dogs
https://ftp.spruitsportcoaching.nl/^d/course/key?PDF=how_many-electoral_votes__did__obama-get_in_2012